COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1995



CITY OF CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 1995

Report prepared and submitted by the Finance Department

Janet S. Hawn Finance Director

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal year ended December 31, 1995

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Introductory Section



June 15, 1996

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Chesterfield:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, a list of City officials, and the City's organizational chart. The financial section includes the general purpose financial statements and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, as well as our independent auditors' report on the general purpose financial statements. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multiyear basis.

The City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-128, Audits of State and Local Governments. Information related to this single audit, including a schedule of federal financial assistance, the independent auditors' reports on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and a schedule of findings and questioned costs, are included in a separately issued single audit report.

This report includes all funds, account groups, and component units which make up the City's financial reporting entity as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 (GASB 14) and discussed more fully in note 1 to the general purpose financial statements. Chesterfield Community Development Corporation (CCDC), an Industrial Development Authority, is considered a component unit of the City and its financial data have been presented in the general purpose financial statements of the City in the separate discretely presented component unit column. The members of the CCDC's governing board are appointed by the Mayor of the City and the City has been providing significant subsidies to finance the operations of the CCDC.

The City of Chesterfield, Missouri, provides a full range of municipal services. These services include legislative, administrative, police services, judicial, planning, public works, and parks and recreation. The Chesterfield Fire Protection District is a separate legal entity which does not meet the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity and, accordingly, is excluded from this report.

GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION, AND OUTLOOK

The City of Chesterfield, Missouri, is located on the western edge of St. Louis County. The City was incorporated under Missouri law as a third class City on June 1, 1988 and has operated under a major/council/administrator form of government since then. According to the 1990 census figures, the City has a population of 42,325 residents.

The City of Chesterfield, Missouri, is considered by many to be one of the fastest growing cities in the Midwest. The City already has a thriving business community and is currently in the process of establishing a business district convenient to both the City of St. Louis and St. Charles County. Continuing improvements of I-64/Highway 40 assure the City greater opportunity for growth, enhancing its accessibility to downtown St. Louis. The national and international headquarters and regional offices of corporations such as McDonald's Corporation, Merrill Lynch, Mallinckrodt Specialties Chemical Company, Wagner Brakes, and Shell Oil Company are located in the City of Chesterfield, Missouri. In addition, Monsanto has a \$150 million Life Sciences Research Center which occupies approximately 900,000 square feet or 210 acres within the City.

The City of Chesterfield, Missouri, also has a strong retail base with Chesterfield Mall, which is one of the largest suburban shopping centers in the metropolitan St. Louis area, and a diversity of shops and restaurants in neighboring shopping centers. Chesterfield Mall now has over 1.9 million square feet of enclosed suburban shopping space, including three anchor stores (Dillards, Famous Barr, and Sears), 30 restaurants, a four-screen cinema, and more than 145 boutiques, shops, stores, and services. An additional anchor store, J C Penney, will complete the mall's original design when it opens in the fall of 1996. The square footage noted above includes the major expansion of Dillard's and the construction of a new Famous Barr.

The City's western corridor, referred to as Chesterfield Valley, has expanded dramatically over the last several years, with light industrial and office/warehouse facilities. Chesterfield Valley has made a dramatic comeback from the flood of 1993. The Monarch-Chesterfield levee which protects Chesterfield Valley has been restored to its original 100-year level of protection. We are working with the Monarch-Chesterfield Levee District to seek approval for the construction of a 500-year levee. The 500-year levee will further protect the Valley from flood waters and allow increased economic growth and development to flourish again. The City Council has designated Chesterfield Valley as a tax increment financing district.

Based on current projections, continued development of the entire City is inevitable. The growth in assessed valuation of the City bears out this fact. The City's assessed valuation of \$811,446,433 as of January 1, 1995 represents an increase of 8% from \$751,150,187 as of January 1, 1994, and an increase of 62% from \$465,549,049 as of January 1, 1988.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For the year. The City's staff, following the specific directives of the Mayor and City Council, have been involved in a variety of projects throughout the year. These projects reflect the City's commitment to excellence.

During 1995, the City made great strides in the development of parks throughout the City. In November 1994, the voters approved an \$11 million bond issue to buy land and construct parks throughout the City. The bonds were issued in January, 1995, and efforts are currently under way to secure land and develop park facilities. These efforts will greatly enhance the City's achievement of its goal of creating a City of choice in the St. Louis Region within which to live, work, play, and visit.

The City spent \$2,800,967 on major capital improvements to infrastructure, including street reconstruction, storm sewer reconstruction, sidewalk reconstruction, and highway beautification. These

expenditures enabled the City to remove and replace more than 270 slabs of existing concrete streets using street personnel, and more than 25,589 feet of concrete streets and 1,728 slabs of concrete sidewalks using contractual labor.

Finally, in 1995, the City added staff to enhance its ability to deliver services to its residents. Six additional police officers were added to increase the number of police officers to 50. In addition, the City created a new position and hired a Parks, Recreation, and Arts Superintendent to provide administration and programming services for parks and recreation.

For the future. Plans for the future include even more increases in City services as the municipality continues to become more established. The 1996 City budget foresees the addition of a part-time Data Processing Technician, one additional police officer, three street maintenance workers, and a Parks Planning Assistant for a total of 142 full-time and 24 part-time City employees as of December 31, 1996.

Department Focus

Each year the City selects a department to highlight for its efforts and accomplishments. In 1995, the City's Planning Department was selected for review.

The Department of Planning is responsible for the administration of land use and community planning activities in the City of Chesterfield. The primary duty of the Department is the day-to-day management of zoning and subdivision issues arising from administration of the City's Zoning and Subdivision Ordinances, the stated purpose of which is to:

"promote the health, safety, morals, comfort and general welfare; to secure economic and coordinated land use; and to facilitate the adequate provision of public improvements."

The daily operations of the Department of Planning entail cooperation with engineers, architects, designers, developers, and the public-at-large. Department staff are responsible for review, analysis, preparation and presentation of reports on all rezonings, special procedures, and variance requests brought before the Planning Commission, Board of Adjustment, and City Council. During 1995, the Department reviewed 28 rezoning-special procedure applications, 51 subdivision plats, and 60 site development plans.

The Department is charged with the issuance of zoning authorizations and occupancy permits for all construction within the City limits, as well as the regulation and enforcement of the City zoning and nuisance ordinances. In 1995, the Department issued 1,036 zoning approvals, reviewed 360 business licenses for zoning compliance, and processed 103 sign requests.

Comprehensive long-range and short-range planning for the City in areas such as land use is provided by the Department. In 1990, the Comprehensive Plan, which guides development within the City, was adopted. This plan was revised in May 1991, January 1992, December 1992, October 1994, and August 1995.

The Department provides assistance for economic development in the City. Information is provided regarding the location of businesses and development within the community and assistance is given throughout the zoning and development process.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The City maintains its general accounting records on a modified accrual basis for all of its fund types and similar fiduciary (expendable trust and agency) funds and account groups.

Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when measurable and available, and expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability has been incurred. "Available" means collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Municipal taxes and interest income are susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Licenses, permits, charges for services, fines, and fees and miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenues when received.

The City Administrator, Department Heads, and Executive Staff are responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. This internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Single Audit

As a recipient of federal financial assistance, the City of Chesterfield, Missouri, is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management of the City.

As a part of the City's single audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the government has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's single audit for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995, indicated no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit are contained in a separate report.

Budgetary Controls

In addition, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri.

Missouri State law and City ordinances require that an annual budget be prepared by the City Administrator for the general, debt service, and capital projects fund types. Budgetary control is maintained at the subfunction level by the encumbrance of estimated purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors. Open encumbrances lapse at year-end. However, encumbrances generally are reappropriated as part of the following year's budget. The City Council exercises control over budgeted expenditures throughout the fiscal year.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

General Government Functions

General governmental revenues which include the general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects funds totaled \$14,674,278 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995, which was the seventh full year of operation for the City of Chesterfield, Missouri, since incorporation on June 1, 1988. During

the period January 1, 1994 through December 31, 1994 revenues totaled \$11,400,313. The following schedule presents a summary of general government revenues for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995 and the amount and percent of increases and decreases in relation to 1994 revenues:

			Increase (decrease) from	Percent
	1995	Percent 19	94 prior	increase
Revenues	<u>Amount</u>	of total Amo	ount year	(decrease)
Property tax	\$ 1,325,557	9.0% \$	- \$ 1,325,557	- %
Utility gross receipts tax	3,359,052	22.9 3,32	3,852 35,200	
Sales tax	4,629,507	31.6 3,73	6,487 893,020	23.9
Intergovernmental	2,962,059	20.2 2,99	7,512 (35,453) (1.2)
Licenses and permits	597,177	4.1 54	7,770 49,407	9.0
Charges for services	153,651	1.0 13	5,003 18,648	13.8
Court fines and fees	516,212	3.5 37	7,377 138,835	36.8
Interest	1,092,832	7.4 23	3,697 859,135	367.6
Miscellaneous	38,231	34	8,615 (10,384) (21.4)
	\$ 14,674,278	<u>100.0</u> % \$ <u>11,40</u>	0,313 \$ 3,273,965	<u>28.7</u>

The residents of the City approved a property tax levy of \$.13 per \$100 of assessed valuation to fund the debt service on a general obligation park bond issue in 1995. Property tax revenues related to debt service were \$994,325 in 1995. The balance, \$331,232, represents incremental property tax revenue generated in the Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing District which received revenues for the first time in 1995.

The largest single source of revenue was the City's share of the 1% county-wide sales tax which accounted for \$4,629,507 or 31.6% of total revenue. Because of the successful outcome of litigation in 1995, the City recognized \$213,183 in deferred sales tax revenues from prior years and began recognizing new sales tax revenue under a county-wide sales tax redistribution formula. The second largest source of revenue is utility gross receipts tax, which accounted for \$3,359,052 or 22.9% of total revenues. The third largest source of revenue is intergovernmental revenues, which accounted for \$2,962,059 or 20.2% of total revenues. These three sources are expected to contintue to provide a large percentage of City revenue in the future.

Intergovernmental revenues, including motor fuel tax, motor vehicle sales tax, cigarette tax, road and bridge tax, police traffic service grants, FEMA reimbursements, a St. Louis County Police Acadamy grant, and a few other minor grants, appear to be lower in 1995. However, the City received several significant grants in 1994 which were one-time grants from I.S.T.E.A., a County grant for Bonhomme Creek, and a State Community Development Block Grant. Exclusive of these three grants, intergovernmental revenues were actually up \$173,877 or 6.5%.

Court fines and fees increased \$138,835 or 36.8% due to the fact that six additional police officers were hired in 1995, as well as the fact that there was a demand from residents for increased traffic control. Interest receipts were up \$859,135, or 367.6% due to increased interest rates, an increase in fund balance and deferred revenues, and unspent bond proceeds.

Expenditures for general governmental purposes totaled \$13,455,367 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995. During the period January 1, 1994 to December 31, 1994, total expenditures amounted to \$10,727,815. The following schedule presents a summary of general, special revenue, debt service, and

capital projects fund expenditrues for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995 and the amount and percent of increases and decreases in relation to prior year amounts:

<u>Expenditures</u>	1995 <u>Amount</u>			Increase (decrease) from prior <u>year</u>	Percent increase (decrease)	
Legislative	\$ 70,078	.5%	\$ 63,386	\$ 6,692	10.6%	
Administrative	1,489,115	11.1	1,160,205	328,910	28.3	
Police services	3,760,415	27.9	3,262,201	498,214	15.3	
Judicial	132,015	1.0	114,222	1 7,7 93	15.6	
Planning and zoning	367,673	2.7	357,242	10,431	2.9	
Public works	2,933,474	21.8	2,842,277	91,197	3.2	
Parks and recreation	62,053	.5	23,218	38,835	167.3	
Capital outlay	4,140,729	30.8	2,905,064	1,235,665	42.5	
Debt service	499.815	<u>3.7</u>		499.815	100.0	
	\$ <u>13,455,367</u>	100.0%	\$ 10,727,815	\$ <u>2,727,552</u>	25.4	

The single largest increase in expenditures in actual dollars was in capital outlay and reflects the City's commitment to improving infrastructure. In addition, the City purchased land for the construction of the City's Public Works Facility.

The second largest increase is in debt service and reflects the fact that the City issued debt for the first time in 1995.

The third largest increase in expenditures was in police services and reflects the addition of six new police officers and the increased cost for the replacement of police vehicles.

The fourth largest increase in expenditures was in administrative and reflects additional legal fees, an increase in the contribution to economic development, and the transfer of building expenses from public works to central services.

General Fund Balance

The fund balance of the general fund increased by 2.8% from \$5,327,168 as of December 31, 1994 to \$5,474,740 as of December 31, 1995. This fund balance provides the City with an operational reserve that is the equivalent of 167 working days of expenditures, or 40.7% of the total general governmental expenditures for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995. This fund reserve accumulation is the direct result of the City Council's goal to have 50% of operating expenditires in the general fund fund balance.

General Fixed Assets Account Group

The general fixed assets of the City have been acquired for general governmental purposes. The assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types and are capitalized at cost in the general fixed assets account group. As of December 31, 1995, general fixed assets amounted to \$3,532,058. The City has elected not to capitalize roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems since such assets are immovable and of value only to the City. The City does not record depreciation on its general fixed assets.

Debt Administration

At year end, the City had two debt issues outstanding. These issues included \$11 million in general obligation bonds and, \$2.95 million in certificates of participation related to the City's capital lease obligation. Both debt obligations were issued in fiscal year 1995. The City has maintained its Aa rating on the general obligation bond issue and A1 on the certificates of participation from Moody's Investor Service.

Cash Management

The City earned \$1,092,832 in interest during fiscal year 1995. During the period January 1, 1994 through December 31, 1994, interest income totaled \$233,697. State statutes authorize Missouri local governments to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury and U.S. Government agency securities. Other deposits or investments require collateral to be pledged consisting of obligations of the United States Treasury or instruments guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government. The fair market value of the pledged securities must equal 100% of the deposits and investments. As of December 31, 1995, the City had all cash invested in a repurchase agreement which earns interest at an adjustable rate based on market conditions, or short-term U.S. Treasury and Government agency securities with a weighted average interest rate of 6.01%.

Risk Management

The City is a member of two public entity risk pools comprised of various municipalities in St. Louis County. One of the pools covers workers' compensation (St. Louis Area Insurance Trust - SLAIT). The other pool insures liability exposures (Property and Casualty Trust - PACT). The purpose of these pools is to share the cost of self-insurance with other similar cities. The Daniel & Henry Company provides claims administration for both of the trusts.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

City ordinances require an annual audit of the books, financial records, and transactions which comprise all of the funds and account groups of the City by an independent certified public accountant selected by the City Council. This ordinance has been complied with, and the independent auditors' report is included with this report.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report issued for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1994. This was the sixth consecutive year the City has received this prestigious award, an impressive accomplishment for the City's sixth full year of operation.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the City of Chesterfield also received the Government Finance Officers Association's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for its annual budget for Fiscal Year 1995. This was the fifth consecutive year that the City received this award. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document met the program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications device.

Acknowledgements

This report could not have been completed without the assistance of the entire administrative staff of the various departments of the City. We would like to especially acknowledge the dedicated services and help of the staff members in the Finance Department. The Finance staff were key components of establishing the City's accounting systems, and their contribution was invaluable.

We would also like to thank our auditors, KPMG Peat Marwick LLP, for their help in formulating this report. Our sincere gratitude is extended to you for your interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

michael & Spining

Michael G. Herring City Administrator Janet S. Hawn Finance Director

Janux D. Haun

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Chesterfield, Missouri

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 1994

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Timethy H. Rividan
President
Officer S. Fises

Executive Director

City Officials

MAYOR

Jack Leonard

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Ward 1:

Colleen Hilbert

Barry Flachsbart

Ward 2:

Ed Levinson

Barry Streeter

Ward 3:

Daniel Hurt

Alan J. Politte

Ward 4:

Linda Tilley

Mike Cullen

CITY ADMINISTRATOR

Michael G. Herring

ASSISTANT CITY

ADMINISTRATOR/PERSONNEL

DIRECTOR

Brenda Love Collins

FINANCE DIRECTOR

Janet S. Hawn

CITY CLERK

Marty DeMay

POLICE CHIEF

Ray Johnson

DIRECTOR OF PLANNING

Jerry Duepner

DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS

Michael O. Geisel

CITY ATTORNEY

Douglas R. Beach

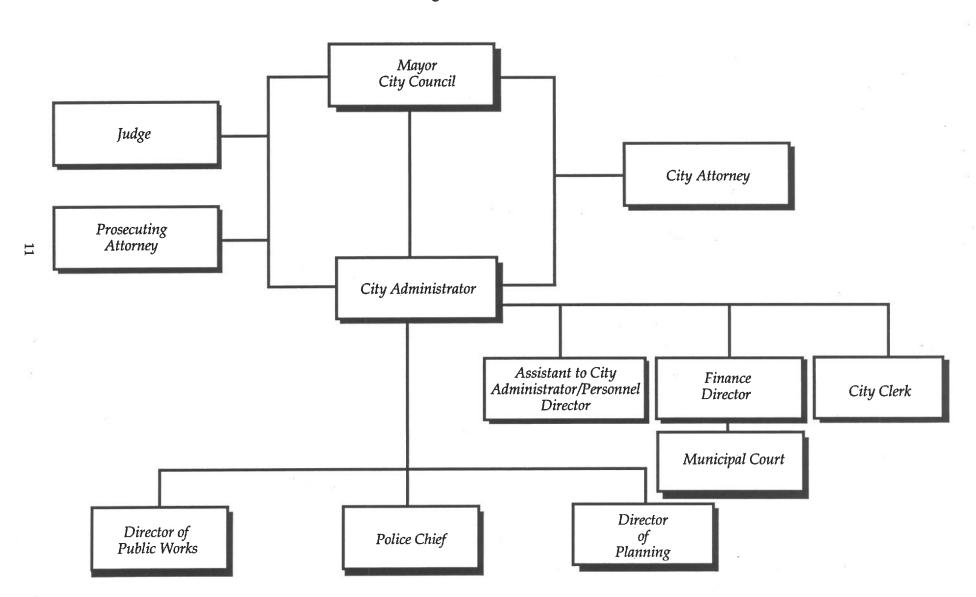
JUDGE

Richard K. Brunk

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

Susan Clarke

Organizational Chart







Financial Section



1010 Market Street St. Louis, MO 63101-2085

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Chesterfield, Missouri:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri, as of and for the year ended December 31, 1995 as listed in Part II of the accompanying table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Chesterfield Community Development Corporation which represents 100% of the assets and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors, whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component unit, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based upon our audit and the report of other auditors, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri, as of December 31, 1995, and the results of its operations for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

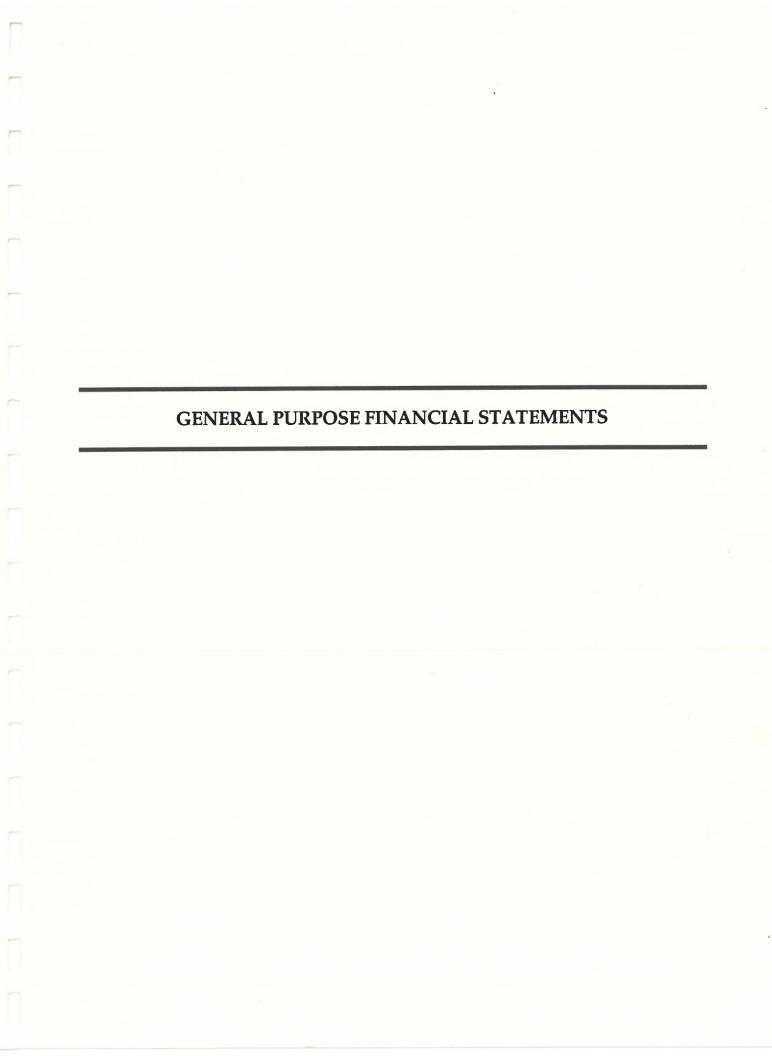
In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 29, 1996 on our consideration of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri's internal control structure and a report dated March 29, 1996 on its compliance with laws and regulations.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary data listed in Part II of the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

KPMG Peat Marwick LLP

March 29, 1996







Combined Balance Sheet - All Fund Types, Account Groups, and Discretely Presented Component Unit

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{December 31, 1995} \\ \text{(with comparative totals for December 31, 1994)} \end{array}$

	Governmental fund types			
		Special	Debt	Capital
Assets and Other Debits	General	revenue	service	projects
ABSORG WING CONTOL DOUGLE	(3)		7	0
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 965,827	41,627	344,331	1,704,814
Investments	7,525,797		252,788	11,703,653
Deposits with trustee		-		_
Receivables:				
Municipal taxes	587,032	386,940	700,585	_
Intergovernmental	752,043	S) - (#	_	
Interest	145,882	_	6,367	88,146
Other	104,507	_	_	_
Due from other governmental units	_	_	_	_
Due from other governmental units Due from other funds	4.026	55,311	53,058	672,271
	130,564	_		
Prepaid assets	130,004			
Restricted assets:	20	_	_	_
Funds held by trustees	_		_	_
Mortgages and revenue notes receivable	-	_		_
Property and equipment	_	_	_	
Amount available in debt service funds	_	_	_	
Amount to be provided for general obligation bonds	-	_	_	_
Amount to be provided for capital				
lease obligations		100.050	1 057 100	14 100 004
Total assets and other debits	\$ 10,215,678	483,878	1,357,129	14.168.884
Liabilities, Fund Equity, and Other Credits				
re ⁵ ime				
Liabilities:	278,778	7,278	-	399,131
Accounts payable	109,900	-,210	_	_
Accrued payroll	257,620	_	_	_
Accrued compensated absences	2,967,669	15,451	19,207	_
Deferred revenue	1,126,971	3,933	_	-
Due to other funds	1,120,511	-	_	_
Deposits held in escrow		_	_	_
Deferred compensation benefits payable	-	_	_	_
Revenue bonds payable	-	_		
General obligation bonds payable	· -	_		_
Capital lease obligation payable	1.740.020	26,662	19,207	399,131
Total liabilities	4,740,938	20,002	15,201	333,131
Fund equity and other credits:				_
Investment in general fixed assets	_	_	_	-
Fund balances:				
Reserved for:				
Street improvements	. 	_		_
Prepaid assets	130,564	_		_
Debt service	_	-	1,337,922	10.500.550
Capital projects	_		_	13,769,753
Bond indenture	-	_	-	_
Unreserved:				
Designated for subsequent year expenditures	36,658	_	_	-
Undesignated	5,307,518	457,216		
Total fund equity	5,474,740	457,216	1,337,922	13,769,753
Total fund equity and other credits	5,474,740	457,216	1,337,922	13,769,753
Total liabilities, fund equity and other credits	\$ 10.215,678	483,878	1,357,129	14,168,884

Fiduciary fund type - trust and agency 198,244 964,681 - 43 - 346,331	Account General fixed assets	Groups General long-term debt	Total (memorandum only) primary government 3,254,843 19,482,238 964,681 1,674,557 752,043 240,438 104,507 - 1,130,997 130,564	Discretely presented component unit 60,083 20,772 - 539	Tot (memorand reporting 1995 3,314,926 19,482,238 964,681 1,674,557 752,043 240,438 125,279 - 1,130,997 131,103	lum only)
	-	-	_	2,393,294	2,393,294 21,767,069	4,847,822 21,720,000
_	- 3,532,058	_	3,532,058	21,767,069 6,132	3,538,190	2,901,140
_	0,002,000 —	1,337,922	1,337,922	-	1,337,922	_,001,110
-	_	10,001,856	10,001,856	_	10,001,856	_
		2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2.010.000		0.610.000	
1,509,299	3,532,058	$\frac{2,610,222}{13,950,000}$	2,610,222 45,216,926	24,247,889	2,610,222 69,464,815	40,364,249
1,005,255	3,332,038	13,330,000	40,210,320	24,241,000	00,101,010	10,001,210
				7.070	005.004	
4,799	_	_	689,986	7,678	697,664	356,127
-	_	_	109,900 257,620	_	109,900 257,620	98,985 $218,808$
_	-		3,002,327	_	3,002,327	1,037,726
93	_	_	1,130,997		1,130,997	891,251
153,862	_		153,862	_	153,862	123,215
964,681	_	_	964,681	-	964,681	704,983
_	_	-	-	21,767,069	21,767,069	21,720,000
-	-	11,000,000	11,000,000	_	11,000,000	~
1 100 405		2,950,000	2,950,000 20,259,373	21,774,747	$\frac{2,950,000}{42,034,120}$	25,151,095
1,123,435_	-	13,950,000	20,209,373	21,114,141	42,034,120	20,101,000
_	3,532,058	_	3,532,058	_	3,532,058	2,897,518
385,864	_	_	385,864	-	385,864	38,607
_		_	130,564	-	130,564	124,765
-	_	_	1,337,922	-	1,337,922	, -
_	-	_	13,769,753		13,769,753	4 0 47 000
_	_	_	_	2,393,294	2,393,294	4,847,822
_	_	_	36,658	_	36,658	36,025
			5,764,734	79,848	5,844,582	7,268,417
385,864	-	9	21,425,495	2,473,142	23,898,637	12,315,636
385,864	3,532,058	12 050 000	24,957,553	$\frac{2,473,142}{24,247,889}$	27,430,695 69,464,815	$\frac{15,213,154}{40,364,249}$
1,509,299	3,532,058	13,950,000	45,216,926	24,241,003	00,404,010	10,004,243

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Fund Types, Similar Expendable Trust Fund, and Discretely Presented Component Unit

Year ended December 31, 1995 (with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 1994)

			Government	al fund types	
			Special	Debt	Capital
		General	revenue	service	projects
	-				
Revenues:					
Municipal taxes	\$	7,874,456	445,335	994,325	_
Intergovernmental		2,686,275	275,784		_
Licenses and permits		597,177	_	_	_
Charges for services		153,651	_	_	_
Court fines and fees		516,212	_	-	_
Interest		472,267	~	16,763	603,802
Miscellaneous		38,231	_	_	_
Total revenues	_	12,338,269	721,119	1,011,088	603,802
Expenditures:	1				
Current:					
Legislative		70,078	_	_	_
Administrative		1,489,115	_	_	_
Police services		3,746,463	13,952	-	_
Judicial		132,015	_	_	_
Planning and zoning		367,673	_	_	_
Public works		2,683,523	249,951	_	_
Parks and recreation		62,053	_	_	_
Capital outlay		660,917	_	_	3,479,812
Debt service:		,			
Principal		_	_		_
Interest		_	-	346,923	_
Cost of issuance		_	_		152,892
Total expenditures	-	9,211,837	263,903	346,923	3,632,704
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	-				
over expenditures		3,126,432	457,216	664,165	(3,028,902)
Other financing sources (uses):	-	5,525,555	()————————————————————————————————————		
Operating transfers in		_	_	_	2,632,531
Operating transfers out		(2,978,860)	_	-	_
Net bond proceeds and project payments		-	_	_	
Proceeds from general obligation bonds		_	_	340,000	10.660.000
Proceeds from capital lease obligation		_	_	333,757	2,614,973
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(2,978,860)		673,757	15,907,504
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and					
other financing sources over					
expenditures and other					
financing uses		147,572	457,216	1,337,922	12,878,602
Fund balances:					
Beginning of year:					
As previously reported		6,464,028	_	_	891,151
Adjustment		(1,136,860)	-	_	_
As restated		5,327,168	_		891,151
End of year	\$	5,474,740	457,216	1,337,922	13,769,753
	7 3				

See accompanying notes to general purpose financial statements.

	Total			
Fiduciary	(memorandum	Discretely	Tota	ıl
fund type -	only)	presented	(memorand	
expendable	primary	component	reporting	
trust	government	unit	1995	1994
_	9,314,116	_	9,314,116	8,197,199
_	2,962,059	148,733	3,110,792	3,114,512
_	597,177		597,177	547,770
_	153,651	_	153,651	135,003
_	516,212	_	516,212	377,377
928	1,093,760	267,672	1,361,432	339,362
_	38,231	27,288	65,519	109,035
928	14,675,206	443,693	15,118,899	12,820,258
	50.059		70,078	63,386
_	70,078	170 110	1,661,227	1,326,899
_	1,489,115	172,112	3,760,415	3,262,201
-	3,760,415	_	132,015	114,222
_	132,015	_	367,673	357,242
_	367,673	-	2,933,474	357,242
_	2,933,474	-	62,053	23,218
-	62,053	_	4,140,729	2,905,064
_	4,140,729	_	4,140,729	2,303,004
-		602,931	602,931	530,000
_	346,923	1,557,106	1,904,029	1,107,307
_	152,892	<u>-</u>	152,892	
-	13,455,367	2,332,149	15,787,516	10,046,781
928	1,219.839	_(1,888,456)	(668,617)	2,773,477
346,329	2,978,860	_	2,978,860	2,081,942
-	(2,978,860)	-	(2,978,860)	(2,081,942)
_	(2,010,000)	(560, 252)	(560,252)	5,302,578
_	11,000,000	(000,202)	11,000,000	_
_	2,948,730	-	2,948,730	
346,329	13,948,730	(560,252)	13,388,478	5,302,578
040,020	10,040,100	(000,202)	10,000,110	
347,257	15,168,569	(2,448,708)	12,719,861	8,076,055
	20,200,000	(-,,)		
39 607	7,393,786	4,921,850	12,315,636	6,724,616
38,607	(1,136,860)	±,021,000	(1,136,860)	-
29 607	6,256,926	4,921,850	11,178,776	6,724,616
38,607 385,864	21,425,495	$\frac{4,921,830}{2,473,142}$	23,898,637	14,800,671
300,004	41,440,430	2,310,132	20,000,001	= 1,000,011

Combined Statement of Revenues. Expenditures. and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual -General, Debt Service, and Capital Projects Funds

Year ended December 31, 1995

		G	eneral fund		1	Debt service fund	s
				Variance -			Variance -
	Revise	d		favorable	Revised		favorable
	budge	t	Actual	(unfavorable)	budget	Actual	(unfavorable)
Revenues:							
Municipal taxes	\$ 7,825.	000	7,874,456	49,456	937,791	994,325	56,534
Intergovernmental	4,147		2,686,275	(1,461,148)	_	_	_
Licenses and permits	578	000	597,177	19,177	_	-	-
Charges for services	138	500	153,651	15,151	_	_	_
Court fines and fees	533	500	516,212	(17,288)	_	_	_
Interest	155	000	472,267	317,267	-	16,763	16,763
Miscellaneous	18	000	38,231	20.231			
Total revenues	13,395	423	12,338,269	(1,057,154)	937,791	1,011,088	73,297
Expenditures:							
Legislative	72	615	71,836	779	-	-	_
Administrative	2,035	565	1,844,588	190,977	_	_	_
Police services	4,013	336	3,928,699	84,637	_	-	-
Judicial	132	100	132,015	85	_	_	
Planning and zoning	420	282	373,891	46,391	_	_	
Public works	3,068	686	2,763,067	305,619	_	-	_
Parks and recreation	176	714	97,741	78,973	_	-	-
Debt service - interest	_		_	-	346,720	346,923	(203)
Debt service - cost of issuance	_		-				
Total expenditures	9,919	298	9,211,837	707,461	346,720	346,923	(203)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	3,476	125	3,126,432	(349,693)	591,071	664,165	73,094
Other financing sources (uses):							
Operating transfers in			_	-	_	_	-
Operating transfer out	(102	,131)	(2,978,860)	(2,876,729)	-	_	-
Proceeds from general obligation bonds	` –		_	-	-	340,000	340,000
Proceeds from capital lease obligation	_		_		333,757	333,757	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(102	,131)	(2,978,860)	(2,876.729)	333,757	673,757	340,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
and other financing sources							
over expenditures and other							
financing uses	3,373	.994	147,572	(3,226,422)	924,828	1,337,922_	413.094
Fund balance:							
Beginning of year:							
As previously reported	6,464	.028	6,464,028	_	_	_	_
Adjustment	(1,136		(1,136,860)			<u> </u>	
As restated	5,327		5,327,168	_			
End of year	\$ 8,701		5,474,740	(3,226,422)	924,828	1,337,922	413,094
01 JULE							

See accompanying notes to general purpose financial statements.

Total

Car	oital projects fun	ıds	(me	morandum only)
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Variance -			Variance -
Revised		favorable	Revised		favorable
budget	Actual	(unfavorable)	budget	Actual	(unfavorable)
ouaget	TICOMIX	(umavorabio)			
_		_	8,762,791	8,868,781	105,990
_	_	_	4,147,423	2,686,275	(1,461,148)
-	_	_	578,000	597,177	19,177
_	_	-	138,500	153,651	15,151
_	_	_	533,500	516,212	(17,288)
440,826	603,802	162,976	595,826	1,092,832	497,006
	-	-	18,000	38,231	20,231
440,826	603,802	162,976	14,774,040	13,953,159	(926,871)
			72,615	71,836	779
-	_	_		1,844,588	190,977
_	-	_	2,035,565	,	84,637
_	-	-	4,013,336	3,928,699	85
-	-	_	132,100	132,015	46,391
	_	_	420,282	373,891	•
19,420,420	3,479,812	15,940,608	22,489,106	6,242,879	16,246,227
_	_	-	176,714	97,741	78,973
-	-	7967	346,720	346,923	(203)
48,223	152,892_	(104,669)	48,223	152,892	(104,669)
19,468,643	3,632,704	15,835,939_	29,734,661	13.191,464	16,543,197
(19,027,817)	(3,028,902)	15,998,915	(14,960,621)	761,695_	15,722,316
5,176,252	2,632,531	(2,543,721)	5,176,252	2,632,531	(2,543,721)
_	_	-	(102, 131)	(2,978,860)	(2,876,729)
10,599,326	10,660,000	60,674	10,599,326	11,000,000	400,674
2,575,028	2,614,973	39,945	2,908,785	2.948,730	39,945
18,350,606	15,907,504	(2,443,102)	18,582,232	13,602,401	(4,979,831)
(677,211)	12,878,602	13,555,813	3,621,611	14.364,096	10,742,485_
891,151	891,151	_	7,355,179	7,355,179	_
-		_	(1,136,860)	(1,136,860)	
891,151	891,151		6,218,319	6,218,319	
213,940	13,769,753	13,555,813	9,839,930	20,582,415	10,742,485
210,0-10	10,700,700	15,555,510			

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 1995

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Chesterfield, Missouri (the City) was incorporated on June 1, 1988 and established a mayor/council/city administrator form of government. The City's major operations include: police protection, street maintenance and improvements, parks and recreation, general administrative services, legislative services, judicial services, and planning.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental entities. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

(a) The Financial Reporting Entity

The City defines its financial reporting entity in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* (GASB 14). GASB 14 requirements for inclusion of component units are based primarily upon whether the City's governing body has any significant amount of financial accountability for potential component units. The City is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of a potential component unit's governing body and is able to impose its will on that potential component unit, or there is a potential for the potential component unit to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City. Based on these requirements, the City's general purpose financial statements include all funds, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities for which the City is financially accountable.

The City's financial reporting entity consists of the City and its discretely presented component unit, the Chesterfield Community Development Corporation (CCDC). The members of the governing board of CCDC are appointed by the Mayor. Although the City cannot "impose its will" on CCDC, the City of Chesterfield provides a material subsidy to the CCDC primarily to finance the operations of the organization. Together, the City and CCDC form the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes.

Complete financial statements of the CCDC can be obtained from their administrative offices at 135 Chesterfield Industrial Boulevard, Chesterfield, Missouri 63005.

(b) Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds or account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets and other debits, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. The various funds are summarized by type in the general purpose financial statements. The following fund types and account groups are used by the City:

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of and changes in financial position. The following are the City's governmental fund types:

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

- <u>General</u> The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- <u>Special Revenue</u> Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- <u>Debt Service</u> Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, certain general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.
- <u>Capital Projects</u> Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital items.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These include expendable trust and agency funds. Expendable trust funds are accounted for and reported in the same manner as governmental funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of the results of operations.

Account Groups

- Account groups are used to establish accounting control and accountability. The City's account groups are as follows:
 - General Fixed Assets Account Group This account group is used to account for all fixed assets of the City.
 - <u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> This account group is used to account for the unmatured principal of its general long-term debt.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Chesterfield Community Development Corporation is included as a discretely presented component unit of the City, and is accounted for similar to the City's governmental fund types.

(c) Basis of Accounting

The City maintains its records and presents the financial statements of its governmental fund types, fiduciary (expendable trust and agency) fund type, and discretely presented component unit on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Licenses, permits, charges for services, fines, and fees and miscellaneous revenues (except interest on investments) are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

are generally not measurable until actually received. Interest on investments is recorded as earned since it is measurable and available. Utility gross receipts and sales taxes are considered "measurable" when in the hands of intermediary collecting governments and recognized as revenue at that time. Property tax revenue is recognized to the extent it is collected within the current period or expected to be collected within 60 days following the end of the current period. Property taxes not collected within 60 days following the end of the current period are recorded as deferred revenue.

Intergovernmental revenues, representing grants and assistance received from other governmental units, are generally recognized as revenues to the extent expenditures are incurred under the terms and conditions of the grant agreements. Any excess or deficiency of grant monies received compared to expenditures incurred is recorded as deferred revenue or amounts receivable from the grantor.

(d) Budgetary Data

The City prepares a legally adopted annual budget for the general, debt service, and capital projects fund types. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Council follows the procedures outlined below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general purpose financial statements:

- 1. On or before November 1, the City Administrator submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them at the object level. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level.
- Copies of the proposed budget are made available for public inspection in the
 office of the City Clerk for at least 10 days prior to passage of the budget. At
 least one public hearing is held on the budget by the City Council. Notice of the
 hearing is given by publication in a newspaper with general circulation in the
 City.
- 3. The budget is adopted by the City Council by the affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the City Council and approval by the Mayor on or before the last day preceding the budget year. If the budget has not been passed and approved by this time, then the budget and appropriations for the current fiscal year shall be deemed to be rebudgeted and reappropriated for the budget year until a new budget is adopted and approved.
- 4. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

The annual budget may be revised by a majority vote of the City Council. Budget transfers within departments may be made as follows:

- (a) Heads of departments may make transfers within the departmental budget up to \$2,500 with prior approval of the Finance Director.
- (b) Heads of departments may make transfers within the departmental budget from \$2,500 to \$5,000 with prior approval from the Finance Director and the City Administrator.

Budget transfers between departments and transfers from contingency accounts must have prior approval of the majority of the City Council. The City Council made several supplemental appropriations during the year which increased the total budget by \$16,774,850.

(e) Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental fund types. Since appropriations lapse at year-end, outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the subsequent fiscal year's budget to provide for the liquidation of the prior commitments.

(f) <u>Investments</u>

Investments are stated at cost, except for investments in the deferred compensation agency fund which are stated at market value.

(g) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types and capitalized at historical cost in the general fixed assets account group. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at fair market value at the time received.

Certain improvements other than buildings, including roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems, are not capitalized. Such assets normally are immovable and of value only to the City. Therefore, the purpose of stewardship for capital expenditures is satisfied without recording these assets. Depreciation is not provided on general fixed assets.

(h) Compensated Absences

The City grants vacation to all full-time employees based on years of continuous service and compensatory time is granted to all employees for hours worked in excess of a normal work week which are not taken within the current biweekly pay period. These benefits are allowed to accumulate and to carry over, with limitation, into the next calendar year and will be paid to employees upon resignation, retirement, or death. Sick leave benefits do not vest and, accordingly, are recorded as expenditures when paid. The accrued benefit liability is recorded in the general fund since it is expected to be liquidated with available expendable resources.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

(i) <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

The City has the following types of transactions among funds:

Reimbursements

Reimbursement of expenditures made by one fund for another are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Ouasi-External Transactions

Charges or collections for services rendered by one fund for another are recognized as revenues of the recipient fund and expenditures or expenses of the disbursing fund. These transactions are recorded as quasi-external transactions because they would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to the City.

Equity Transfers

Nonroutine or nonrecurring transfers between funds are reported as additions to or deductions from the fund equity balance.

Operating Transfers

All other interfund transfers are reported when incurred as "operating transfers in" by the recipient fund and as "operating transfers out" by the disbursing fund.

(j) Deferred Revenue

The City has received inspection fees in advance from various developers. These fees are recognized as revenue as the City performs the inspections of the developments. Also included in deferred revenue are property tax revenues, which are not collected within 60 days following the end of the current period and local use tax proceeds which do not meet the "susceptible to accrual" revenue recognition criteria.

(k) Reserved Fund Balances

Reserved fund balance represents the portion of fund balance that is not available for subsequent year appropriations or is legally segregated for a specific future use.

(1) Total (Memorandum Only) Data

Total columns in the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Total (memorandum only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Such data is not comparable to a consolidation since interfund eliminations have not been made.

(m) Comparative Total Data

Comparative total data are presented for informational purposes only.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

(2) <u>Cash and Investments</u>

State statutes authorize Missouri local governments to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury and United States government agencies, obligations of the State of Missouri, time certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements. Deposits in financial institutions must be collateralized by securities pledged to the City by these same institutions.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$325,573 and the bank balance was \$273,624. Of the bank balance, \$247,002 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$26,622 was covered by collateral held by the pledging bank's agent in the City's name.

The City's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered, or for which the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker or dealer, or by a counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name.

				To	tal
	C	ategory		Carrying	Market
Investments:	_1_	_2_	3_	<u>value</u>	<u>value</u>
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	\$ 19,482,238	-	_	19,482,238	19,713,911
Repurchase agreements	2,216,693			2,216,693	2,217,801
Total investments	\$ 21 ,698,931			21,698,931	21,931,712
Pooled investments - deferred compensation plan				964,681	964,681
Federated Automated Cash Reserve Pooled Account				70 1 ,001	704,001
				<i>7</i> 12 <i>,</i> 5 <i>7</i> 7	712,577
Cash deposits				<u>325,573</u>	325,573
Total - primary government				\$ 23,701,762	23,934,543

(3) General Fixed Assets

A summary of changes in property and equipment within the general fixed assets account group follows:

	Balance, January 1, <u>1995</u>	Addi- tions	Deduc- tions	Balance, December 31, <u>1995</u>
Land	\$ 365,178	371,494	_	736,672
Building	26,950	2,400	-	29,350
Machinery and equipment	1,469,703	186,606	23,426	1,632,883
Automobiles and trucks	 <u> 1,035,687</u>	<u>172.494</u>	<i>75,</i> 028	1.133,153
	\$ 2,897,518	732,994	<u>98,454</u>	3,532,058

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

A summary of changes in general fixed assets by function is as follows:

	Balance, January 1, <u>1995</u>	Addi- tions	<u>Transfers</u>	Deduc- tions	Balance, December 31, <u>1995</u>
Legislative	\$ 725	1,758	10,940	_	13,423
Administrative	315,286	62,029	13,860	14,290	376,885
Police services	542,953	182,236	(37,534)	78,964	608,691
Planning	25,119	_	12,734	_	37,853
Parks	<u>-</u>	112,287	_	_	112,287
Public works	2,013,435	374,684		5,200	2,382,919
	\$ 2,897,518	732,994	_	98,454	3,532,058

A summary of general fixed assets by function is as follows:

			Machinery and equip-	Automo- biles and	
	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings</u>	ment	<u>trucks</u>	<u>Total</u>
Legislative	\$ _	_	2,483	10,940	13,423
Administrative	-	-	332,830	44,055	376,885
Police services	_	29,350	281,645	297,696	608,691
Planning	_	_	16,293	21,560	37,853
Parks	76,600	_	35,687	_	112,287
Public works	660,072		963,945	<u>758,902</u>	2,382,919
	\$ 736,672	<u>29,350</u>	1,632,883	1,133,153	3,532,058

The source of all general fixed assets is the general fund.

(4) Property Taxes

The City's property tax is levied each September based on the asssessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City. Taxes are billed in November, due and collectible on December 31, and delinquent after December 31. Liens are placed on property for delinquent taxes on the January 1 following the due date. The City's tax rate was levied at \$.13 per \$100 of assessed valuation which is for retirement of general obligation bonds payable.

Taxes levied for 1995 are recorded as receivables, net of estimated uncollectible amounts; however, revenue recognition on all property tax receivables not collected within 60 days after year-end is deferred. The 1995 levy was due and collectible within the City's fiscal year ended December 31, 1995.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

All property tax assessment, billing, and collection functions are handled by the St. Louis County government. Taxes collected are remitted to the City by the St. Louis County Collector (the County Collector) in the month subsequent to the actual collection date. Taxes held by the County Collector, if any, are included in taxes receivable in the accompanying general purpose financial statements.

(5) Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The City along with various other local governments, participates in insurance trusts for workers' compensation (St. Louis Area Insurance Trust - SLAIT) and for general liability matters (Property and Casualty Trust - PACT). The purpose of these trusts is to distribute the cost of self-insurance over similar entities. The trusts require an annual premium payment from each entity to cover estimated claims payable and reserves for claims. The members of the trust have no legal interest in the assets, liabilities, or fund balances of the insurance trusts; however, the City is contingently liable to fund its pro rata share of any deficit incurred by the trusts should the trusts cease operations at some future date. The trusts have contracted with The Daniel and Henry Company, an insurance agent, to handle all administrative matters, including processing of claims filed. The City's 1995 premium payments to the trusts were \$220,748.

The City also purchases commercial insurance to cover risks related to property, public official liability, earthquakes, and employees blanket bonds. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

(6) Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the City (without being restricted to the provisions of benefits under the plan), subject only to the claims of the City's general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the City in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

It is the opinion of the City that it has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. The City believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

(7) Retirement Plan

In 1989, the City established a money purchase retirement plan (a defined contribution plan) funded through Manufacturers Life Insurance Company. All employees are eligible to participate in the plan after they have completed one year of service and attained the age of 18. Per City ordinance, the City contributes an amount equal to 6% of compensation of eligible participants. No contribution is required from employees. All employees vest 20% after three years of service and an additional 20% per year thereafter, making the employees fully vested after seven years of credited service. The City's contribution for 1995 was \$206,342 or 6% of covered payroll.

Total covered payroll for the year was \$3,439,033 or 76% of the total City payroll of \$4,541,522.

(8) Budgetary Control

Expenditures exceeded appropriations for the City's 1995 Parks - debt service fund by \$203 as a result of actual interest expenditures exceeding preliminary budget estimates.

(9) Interfund Balances

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances as of December 31, 1995 are as follows:

	R	eceivable <u>fund</u>	Payable <u>fund</u>
General	\$	4,026	1,126,971
Special revenue:			
Community Development Block Grant			100
Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing		55,311	-
Police Forfeiture		_	3,833
Debt service – 1995 Parks		53,058	_
Capital project – Levee/Drainage		672,271	-
Expendable trust – Wilson Avenue		346,331	_
Agency – Bail Bond			93
Agency builden	\$ 1	,130,997	1,130,997

(10) Obligations Under Operating Lease Agreements

The City leases equipment under certain operating lease agreements with terms in excess of one year. Annual aggregate lease payments remaining under the operating lease agreements as of December 31, 1995 are \$39,741, due in 1996. Total rent expenditures of \$282,882 for 1995 are included as contractual services expenditures of the general fund.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

(11) General Long-Term Debt

Changes in General Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the City's general long-term debt transactions for the year ended December 31, 1995:

		General obligation bonds <u>payable</u>	Capital lease <u>obligation payable</u>	
Balance, January 1, 1995	\$	_	_	
New debt issued		11,000,000	2,950,000	
Balance, December 31, 1995	\$	11,000,000	2,950,000	

General Obligation Bonds Payable

In February 1995, the City issued \$11,000,000 in General Obligation Bonds, Series 1995, the proceeds of which are to be used to acquire and develop land for four park sites. The bonds bear interest ranging from 5.45% to 8.25% and are repaid through a debt service fund.

The annual principal and interest requirements to maturity of the general obligation bonds as of December 31, 1995 are as follows:

		General Obligation Bonds				
]	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>		
1996	\$	265,000	682,509	947,509		
1997	·	285,000	659,821	944,821		
1998		310,000	635,665	945,665		
1999		335,000	609,865	944,865		
2000		365,000	582,869	947,869		
2001 and thereafter		9,440,000	5,042,866	14,482,866		
	\$ 1	1,000,000	8,213,595	19,213,595		

Capital Lease Obligation

In August 1995, the City issued \$2,950,000 in Certificates of Participation which represent proportionate interests in base rentals to be paid by the City pursuant to an annually renewable lease/purchase agreement dated August 1, 1995 between Magna Trust Company, St. Louis, Missouri (the trustee/lessor). The trustee has agreed to execute and deliver certificates pursuant to a declaration and indenture of trust to finance the City's acquisition and construction of a public works maintenance facility. The base rentals constitute rent for the facility pursuant to the lease. The certificates of participation bear interest ranging from 4.7% to 5.8% and are repaid through a transfer of general fund operating revenues to a debt service fund.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

The annual principal and interest requirements to maturity of the capital lease obligation as of December 31, 1995 are as follows:

1996	\$ 247,106
1997	242,043
1998	242,813
1999	248,348
2000	243,413
2001 and thereafter	<u>3,706,528</u>
Total future minimum lease payments	4,930,251
Less amount representing interest	<u>1,980,251</u>
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 2,950,000

(12) Commitments and Contingencies

Various legal claims have arisen during the normal course of business which, in the opinion of management after discussion with legal counsel, will not result in any material liability to the City.

(13) Deficit Fund Balance

The Capital Projects - capital project fund had a deficit fund balance in the amount of \$168,436 as a result of transfers being recorded based on cash activity. The deficit will be eliminated by a transfer in 1996 to cover all expenditures.

(14) <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - Chesterfield Community Development Corporation</u>
The following notes relate only to the Chesterfield Community Development Corporation (CCDC):

(a) Organization

The CCDC was formed May 5, 1992 under the official name "Industrial Development Authority of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri". It is, however, registered to conduct business as the "Chesterfield Community Development Corporation". The CCDC is a qualified not-for-profit organization under Section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code. The purpose of the CCDC is to develop and promote economic and community development activities to provide balanced growth in the City. The CCDC may issue tax-exempt revenue bonds, notes or other obligations on behalf of non-profit institutions and other organizations for the purpose of construction, improvement of facilities or the refinancing of outstanding debt. These bonds, notes or other obligations and the interest thereon do not constitute a debt or liability of the CCDC or the City, but are special obligations between the investors and debtors payable solely from the repayments received by the Trustees under the loan agreements.

(b) <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>

Cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 1995 are covered by Federal Depository Insurance.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

(c) Restricted Assets - Funds Held By Trustees

Proceeds of the debt issues are deposited with trustees and invested or disbursed in accordance with terms of the applicable trust indenture. As of December 31, 1995, the trustee funds consisted of the following:

<u>equivalents</u> <u>Investments</u> <u>Tota</u>	<u>.1</u>
Debt service and reserve funds \$ 173,514 1,240,000 1,413,	514
Construction funds 864,963 - 864,	963
Principal and interest funds 114,817 - 114,	<u>817</u>
\$ <u>1,153,294</u> <u>1,240,000</u> <u>2,393,</u>	294

Investments are limited to obligations of the United States or obligations of financial institutions which are insured by governmental agencies.

(d) Restricted Assets - Mortgages and Revenue Notes Receivable

The following mortgages and revenue notes receivable of CCDC are collateralized by either a pledge of the revenues of the borrowing institution or by first mortgages on the physical property financed with the proceeds of the debt offering, or both, and by the CCDC assignment of its interest in the mortgaged properties to the trustees of the bond issues:

		Range of annual	
	Installment	interest rate	
	<u>due date</u>	<u>percentages</u>	Amount
St. Andrews Episcopal Presbyterian Foundation - Series 1992A	1999-2019	7.5% - 8.5%	\$ 6,905,000
	1999-2019	7.570 - 0.570	Ψ 0,203,000
St. Andrews Episcopal Presbyterian Foundation - Series 1992B	1995-1998	9.5%	385,000
St. Andrews Episcopal Presbyterian Foundation - Series 1994A	1999-2019	5.75% - 7.25%	5,600,000
St. Andrews Episcopal Presbyterian Foundation - Series 1994B	1998	8.5%	80,000
The Young Men's Christian Association			
of Greater St. Louis	1994-2003	5.55%	5,425,000
MIDCO Products Company, Inc			
Series 1994	1995-2014	Variable	2,740,816
MIDCO Products Company, Inc			
Series 1995	1995-2005	Variable	631,253
			\$ 21,767,069

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

(e) Revenue Bonds Payable

Funds received under various forms of tax-exempt and taxable indebtedness issued by CCDC have been loaned to institutions which are required to make payments to the trustees sufficient to meet principal and interest requirements of the related obligation. CCDC is in the process of financing an additional bond issue in 1996 which will be issued to AH Land Development Company totaling \$6,100,000.

A summary of changes in revenue bonds payable during 1995 is as follows:

Balance, January 1, 1995	\$	21,720,000
Bonds issued		650,000
Repayments		(602,931)
Balance, December 31, 1995	\$	21,767,069

The annual principal and interest requirements to maturity of the revenue bonds as of December 31, 1995 are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
1996	\$ 764,088	1,476,692	2,240,780
1997	831,919	1,430,653	2,262,572
1998	1,005,180	1,378,928	2,384,108
1999	1,096,420	1,315,282	2,411,702
2000	1,158,176	1,248,974	2,407,150
2001	1,225,496	1,178,832	2,404,328
2002	1,298,416	1,104,590	2,403,006
2003	1,376,996	1,025,833	2,402,829
2004	596,296	942,193	1,538,489
2005	580,122	902,658	1,482,780
2006	607,272	862,536	1,469,808
2007	654,080	818,551	1,472,631
2008	656,860	771,187	1,428,047
2009	705,708	723,246	1,428,954
2010	765,708	671,713	1,437,421
2011	826,956	615,857	1,442,813
2012	889,548	555,520	1,445,068
2013	958,604	490,611	1,449,215
2014	1,014,224	421,076	1,435,300
2015	810,000	356,841	1,166,841
2016	875,000	296,615	1,171,615
2017	945,000	231,550	1,176,550
2018	1,020,000	161,545	1,181,545
2019	1,105,000	<u>85,595</u>	<u>1,190,595</u>
	\$ 21,767,069	19,067,078	40,834,147

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

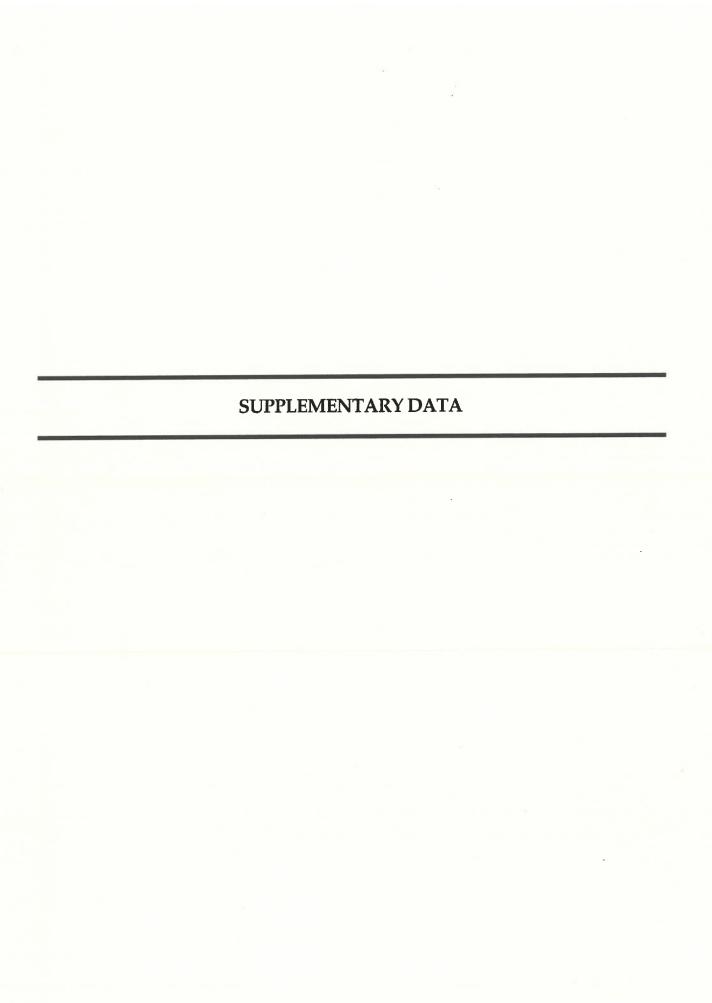
(15) Adjustment to Beginning of Year Fund Balance

On March 26, 1996, a Missouri Supreme Court Decision declared Missouri's local use tax invalid. This tax was charged to residents and businesses who purchased products from out of state vendors for use in Missouri. Revenue collected to date from this tax may be required to be refunded, however the specifics of the refund process has not been determined, nor is the amount of any refunds payable subject to reasonable estimation.

The City has received this tax from the State since October 1992 and had previously recognized these funds as revenue. The City recognized these funds as revenue under the "susceptible to accrual" criteria after the local use tax was upheld by the U.S. Supreme Court late in 1994 because the City determined, at that time, the amount to be measurable and available. Since the announcement of the March 26, 1996 Missouri Supreme Court decision, the City has reassessed the nature of the local use tax resources and has determined that these funds do not meet the "susceptible to accrual" revenue recognition criteria because the amount of any future refund claims cannot be determined and is therefore not measurable as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 22, Accounting for Taxpayer Assessed Tax Revenues in Governmental Funds.

Accordingly, an adjustment was made to decrease the fund balance of the general fund as of January 1, 1995, by \$1,136,860 and to increase deferred revenue by a like amount. Local use tax proceeds received in 1995 of \$1,056,115 for the general fund were also deferred.





General Fund

The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual - General Fund

Year ended December 31, 1995

Revenues:	-	Revised budget	Actual	Variance - favorable (unfavorable)
Municipal taxes:				
Utility gross receipts	\$	3,437,000	3,309,997	(127,003)
Sales taxes		3,812,000	4,564,459	752,459
Local use sales taxes		576,000		(576,000)
Total municipal taxes	-	7,825,000	7,874,456	49,456
Intergovernmental:				
Cigarette tax		190,000	196,817	6,817
Motor fuel and vehicle sales taxes		1,446,000	1,434,055	(11,945)
Road and bridge tax		788,000	858,907	70,907
Emergency Management Assistance grant		55,962	53,403	(2,559)
State CDBG funds		681,900	-	(681,900)
I.S.T.E.A. Grant		882,000	14,618	(867,382)
Grants other		103,561	122,437	18,876
Bonhomme Creek reimbursement			6,038	6,038
Total intergovernmental		4,147,423	2,686,275	(1,461,148)
License and permits		578,000	597,177	19,177
Charges for services:				
Inspection and subdivision fees		80,000	64,422	(15,578)
Zoning applications		16,000	18,882	2,882
Police reports		15,000	14,985	(15)
False alarms		22,000	42,528	20,528
Other charges		5,500	12,834	7,334
Total charges for services		138,500	153,651	15,151
Court fines and fees		533,500	516,212	(17,288)
Interest		155,000	472,267	317,267
Miscellaneous		18,000	38,231	20,231
Total revenues	(8)	13,395,423	12,338,269	(1,057,154)
10001101011000	38			
Expenditures:				
Legislative - Mayor's office and				
City Council:				
Personal services		64,921	64,831	90
Contractual services		5,236	4,649	587
Commodities		700	598	102
Capital outlay		1,758	1,758	
Total legislative		72,615	71,836	779

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Continued

		Revised budget	Actual	Variance - favorable (unfavorable)
Expenditures, continued:				
Administrative:				
City Clerk:				4.01.4
Personal services	\$	63,494	59,480	4,014
Contractual services		55,291	51,358	3,933
Legal services - contractual services		137,650	(126,927)	10,723
City Administrator:				1 700
Personal services		111,336	109,833	1,503
Contractual services		5,877	5,789	88
Commodities		540	540	-
Finance:			(100,000	4.050
Personal services		135,091	130,839	4,252
Contractual services		47,868	(22,315)	70,183
Commodities		1,000	580	420
Capital outlay		22,315	22,315	_
Personnel:			00.005	010
Personal services		99,821	99,605	216
Contractual services		57,833	56,389	1,444 203
Commodities		300	97	203
Capital outlay		1,982	1,982	
Central services:			F.C. F.C.F.	2.056
Personal services		60,021	56,765	3,256 80,205
Contractual services		845,508	765,303	979
Commodities		48,904	47,925	9,558
Capital outlay	_	340,734	331,176	190,977
Total administrative	1	2,035,565	1,844,588	
Police services:				
Administration:		000 720	282,597	1,142
Personal services		283,739	23,534	171
Contractual services		23,705 7,774	7,313	461
Commodities			2,400	- 401
Capital outlay		2,400	2,400	
Patrol services:		2,502,708	2,470,431	32,277
Personal services		57,869	57,553	316
Contractual services		137,125	136,972	153
Commodities		180,717	179,836	881
Capital outlay		100,717	115,000	001
Support services:		178,040	161,595	16,445
Personal services		342,950	323,989	18,961
Contractual services		6,170	4,527	1,643
Commodities		5,000	,U21	5,000
Capital outlay		5,000		5,550

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Continued

				Variance -
		Revised		favorable
		budget	Actual	(unfavorable)
Expenditures, continued:	-	- Suagor		<u> </u>
Police services, continued:				
Criminal investigation:				
Personal services	\$	268,321	264,788	3,533
Contractual services		7,633	4,325	3,308
Commodities		9,185	8,839	346
Total police services		4,013,336	3,928,699	84,637
Judicial - Municipal Court:			W. Carlotte and Market	
Personal services		56,794	56,790	4
Contractual services		73,856	73,775	81
Capital outlay		1,450	1,450	_
Total judicial	-	132,100	132,015	85
Planning and zoning:	-		-	
Personal services		338,983	329,784	9,199
Contractual services		73,729	37,889	35,840
Commodities		7,570	6,218	1,352
Total planning and zoning	-	420,282	373,891	46,391
Public works:	-			
Administration and engineering:				
Personal services		461,508	438,667	22,841
Contractual services		364,840	329,993	34,847
Commodities		17,536	13,178	4,358
Capital outlay		29,394	28,915	479
Street and sewer maintenance:		20,002	,.	
Personal services		919,324	833,746	85,578
Contractual services		337,668	329,324	8,344
Commodities		561,029	529,582	31,447
Capital outlay		152,031	40,464	111,567
Vehicle maintenance:		,	,	•
Personal services		152,877	149,510	3,367
Contractual services		18,030	16,505	1,525
Commodities		42,783	42,356	427
Capital outlay		10,166	10,165	1
Street lighting - contractual services		1,500	662	838
Total public works		3,068,686	2,763,067	305,619
Total public Wolld			(
Parks and recreation -				
Administration:				
Personal services		41,218	34,736	6,482
Contractual services		55,861	25,705	30,156
Commodities		5,113	1,612	3,501
Capital outlay		74,522	35,688	38,834
Total parks and recreation		176,714	97,741	78,973
Total expenditures		9,919,298	9,211,837	707,461
Excess of revenues over				
expenditures	\$	3,476,125	3,126,432	(349,693)

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The following special revenue funds are maintained by the City:

<u>Community Development Block Grant</u> - This fund is used to account for special revenues received through a Community Development Block Grant program through the Missouri Department of Economic Development which are specifically earmarked for levee improvements.

<u>Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing</u> - This fund is used to account for special revenues received from the Chesterfield Valley TIF District which are required to be segregated into a special allocation fund and designated for use in the TIF district only.

<u>Police Forfeiture</u> - This fund is used to account for special revenues received which are specifically earmarked for future expenditures in the area of public safety.

Combining Balance Sheet - Special Revenue Funds

December 31, 1995

<u>Assets</u>	Community Development Block Grant	Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing	Police Forfeiture	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 100	18,535 386,940	22,992	41,627 386,940
Receivables – municipal taxes		55,311	_	55,311
Due from other funds Total assets	\$ 100	460,786	22,992	483,878
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		_	7,278	7,278
Deferred revenue	_	15,451		15,451
Due to other funds	100		3,833_	3,933
Total liabilities	100	15,451	11,111	26,662
Fund balances		445,335	11,881_	457,216
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 100	460,786	22,992	483,878

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Special Revenue Funds

Year ended December 31, 1995

	Community Development Block Grant	Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing	Police Forfeiture	Total
Revenues:				
Municipal taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ -	331,232	_	331,232
Utility gross receipts	_	49,055		49,055
Sales taxes		65,048		65,048
	_	445,335	_	445,335
Intergovernmental	249,951		25,833	275,784
Total revenues	249,951	445,335	25,833	721,119
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Police services	-	-	13,952	13,952
Public works	249,951			249,951_
Total expenditures	249,951		13,952_	263,903_
Excess of revenues over				
expenditures	_	445,335	11,881	457,216
Fund balances:				
Beginning of year				
End of year	\$ 	445,335	11,881	<u>457,216</u>



Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, certain general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The following debt service funds are maintained by the City:

1995 Parks - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation principal and interest on the parks General Obligation Bond issue, Series 1995.

1995 Public Works Facility - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest on the Public Works Facility Certificates of Participation, Series 1995.

Combining Balance Sheet - Debt Service Funds

December 31, 1995

			1995	
		1995	Public Works	
Assets		Parks	Facility	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	263,708	80,623	344,331
Investments	Ψ	-	252,788	252,788
Receivables:				
Municipal taxes		700,585	_	700,585
Interest		-	6,367	6,367
Due from other funds		53,058		53,058
Total assets	\$_	1,017,351	339,778	1,357,129
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities - deferred revenue		19,207	_	19,207
Fund balances - reserved for debt service	100-1-	998,144	339,778	1,337,922
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	1,017,351	339,778	1,357,129

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Debt Service Funds

Year ended December 31, 1995

		1995 Parks	1995 Public Works Facility	Total
Revenues:				
Municipal taxes - property taxes	\$	994,325	-	994,325
Interest		10,742	6,021	16,763
Total revenues	8	1,005,067	6,021	1,011,088
Expenditures - debt service - interest		346,923	<u> </u>	346,923
Excess of revenues over expenditures		658,144	6,021	664,165
Other financing sources:				
Proceeds from general obligation bonds		340,000		340,000
Proceeds from capital lease obligation		_	333,757	333,757
Total other financing sources	102	340,000	333,757	673,757
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures		998,144	339,778	1,337,922
Fund balances:				
Beginning of year				
End of year	\$	998,144	339,778	1,337,922

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual -Debt Service Funds

Year ended December 31, 1995

		1995 Parks		1995 P	ublic Works	Facility		Total	
			Variance -			Variance -			Variance –
	Revised		favorable	Revised		favorable	Revised		favorable
	budget	Actual	(unfavorable)	budget	Actual	(unfavorable)	budget	Actual	(unfavorable)
Revenues:	e 007.701	994,325	56,534	_		_	937,791	994,325	56,534
Municipal taxes - property taxes	\$ 937,791	,	•	_	6,021	6,021	-	16,763	16,763
Interest		10,742	10,742						
Total revenues	937,791	1,005,067	67,276		6,021	6,021	937,791	1,011,088	73,297
Expenditures	346,720	346,923	(203)	_			346,720	346,923_	(203)
Excess of revenues									
over expenditures	591,071	658,144	67,073		6,021	6,021	591,071	664,165	73,094
Other financing sources:									
Proceeds from general obligation bond	ls –	340,000	340,000	_	1000	_	_	340,000	340,000
Proceeds from capital lease obligation		_	_	333,757	333,757	_	333,757	333,757	
Total other financing sources		340,000	340,000	333,757	333,757		333,757	673,757	340,000
Excess of revenues									
and other financing sources									
over expenditures	591,071	998,144	407,073	333,757-	339,778	6,021	924,828	1,337,922	413,094
	001,011	,	,						
Fund balances:			_	_	_		_	_	_
Beginning of year		000.144	407.072	222.757	220.779	6,021	924,828	1,337,922	413,094
End of year	\$ 591,071	998,144	407,073	333,757	339,778		024,020	1,001,022	410,034

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

43

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The following capital projects funds are maintained by the City:

<u>Capital Projects</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources designated for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or improvements.

<u>Levee/Drainage</u> - This fund is used to account for all major capital improvement projects involving stormwater and levee projects in Chesterfield Valley.

<u>Park Construction</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources designated for the acquisition of land for parks and the construction of parks facilities.

<u>Public Works Facility Construction</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources designated for the construction of a Public Works Facility.

Combining Balance Sheet - Capital Projects Funds

December 31, 1995

<u>Assets</u>	Capital Projects	Levee/ Drainage	Park Construction	Public Works Facility Construction	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivable - interest Due from other funds Total assets	\$	672,271 672,271	996,960 10,047,712 62,862 - 11,107,534	707,854 1,655,941 25,284 - 2,389,079	1,704,814 11,703,653 88,146 672,271 14,168,884
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u> Liabilities - accounts payable Fund balances - reserved for capital projects Total liabilities and fund balances	168,436 (168,436) \$	65,762 606,509 672,271	9,792 11,097,742 11,107,534	$ \begin{array}{r} 155,141 \\ 2,233,938 \\ \hline 2,389,079 \end{array} $	399,131 13,769,753 14,168,884

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Capital Projects Funds

Year ended December 31, 1995

				Public Works	
	Capital	Levee/	Park	Facility	
	Projects	Drainage	Construction	Construction	Total
Revenues - interest Expenditures:	\$ -	_	548,749	55,053	603,802
Current - capital outlay	2,800,967	284,642	52,932	341,271	3,479,812
Debt service - cost of issuance		_	58,075	94,817	152,892
Total expenditures	2,800,967	284,642	111,007	436,088	3,632,704
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,800,967)	(284,642)	437,742	(381,035)	(3,028,902)
Other financing sources:					
Operating transfers in	2,632,531	_	_	-	2,632,531
Proceeds from general obligation bonds	_	_	10,660,000	_	10,660,000
Proceeds from capital lease obligation		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2,614,973	2,614,973
Total other financing sources	2,632,531		10,660,000	2,614,973	15,907,504
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over		(1			
expenditures	(168, 436)	(284,642)	11,097,742	2,233,938	12,878,602
Fund balances (deficit):					
Beginning of year	_	891,151			891,151
End of year	\$ (168,436)	606,509	11,097,742	2,233,938	13,769,753

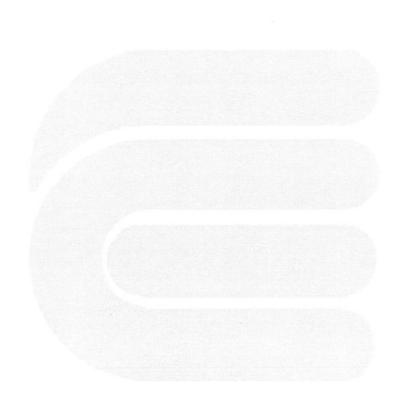
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual -Capital Projects Funds

Year ended December 31, 1995

		Capital Project	ts		Levee/Draina	ge
	Revised	•	Variance – favorable	Revised		Variance – favorable
	budget	Actual	(unfavorable)	budget	Actual	(unfavorable)
Revenues – interest Expenditures:	\$					
Current – public works	4,267,052	2,800,967	1,466,085	1,586,411	284,642	1,301,769
Debt service – cost of issuance Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues	4,267,052	2,800,967	1,466,085	1,586,411	284,642	1,301,769
over expenditures Other financing sources:	(4,267,052)	(2,800,967)	1,466,085	(1,586,411)	(284,642)	1,301,769
Operating transfers in	4,267,052	2,632,531	(1,634,521)	909,200	_	(909,200)
Proceeds from general obligation bonds	_	_	-	_	_	-
Proceeds from capital lease obligation			(1.004.501)	909,200		(909,200)
Total other financing sources Excess (deficiency) of revenues	4,267,052	2,632,531	(1,634,521)	505,200		(303,200)
and other financing sources						
over expenditures	_	(168, 436)	(168,436)	(677,211)	(284,642)	392,569
Fund balances:						
Beginning of year				891,151	891,151	200 500
End of year	\$	(168,436)	(168,436)	213,940	606,509	392,569

Public Works

_			-	Tublic Works			m . 1		
P	ark Constructio		Fac	cility Construc			Total		
		Variance –			Variance -			Variance –	
Revised		favorable	Revised		favorable	Revised		favorable	
budget	Actual	(unfavorable)	budget	Actual	(unfavorable)	budget	Actual	(unfavorable)	
400,674	548,749	148,075	40,152	55,053	14,901	440,826	603.802	162,976	
11,000,000	52,932	10,947,068	2,566,957	341,271	2,225,686	19,420,420	3,479,812	15,940,608	
_	58,075	(58,075)	48,223	94,817	(46,594)	48,223	152,892	(104,669)	
11,000,000	111,007	10,888,993	2,615,180	436,088	2,179,092	19,468,643	3,632.704	15,835,939	
(10,599,326)	437,742	11,037,068	(2,575,028)	(381,035)	2,193,993	(19,027,817)	(3,028,902)	15,998,915	
_	_	_	_	_	_	5,176,252	2,632,531	(2,543,721)	
10,599,326	10,660,000	60,674	_	_	_	10,599,326	10,660,000	60,674	
_	_	_	2,575,028	2,614,973	39,945	2,575,028	2,614,973	39,945	
10,599,326	10,660,000	60,674	2,575,028	2,614,973	39,945	18,350,606	15,907.504	(2,443,102)	
_	11,097,742	11,097,742	-	2,233,938	2,233,938	(677,211)	12,878,602	13,555,813	
					- 0.000,000	891,151	891,151	19 555 019	
	11,097,742	11,097,742		2,233,938		213,940	13,769,753	13,555,813	



Fiduciary Fund Types

Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held by the government as a trustee or agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.

Expendable Trust Fund

This fund is used to account for collection and release of monies for future roadway improvements contemplated in a construction development within the City. Collection of monies ensure completion of projects and restoration of the surrounding area. An inspection by the City is necessary to release funds.

Agency Funds

<u>Miscellaneous Escrow Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the collection and release of monies in connection with various permits issued for construction projects in which the contractor must comply with certain requirements. Collection of monies ensure completion of projects and restoration of the surrounding area. An inspection by the City is necessary to release funds.

<u>Bail Bond Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for monies received and held as bond deposits to ensure defendants' appearances in court.

<u>Deferred Compensation Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for assets held for employees in accordance with the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457.

<u>Explorers' Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for proceeds received in connection with a joint program sponsored by the City and the local explorer's post.

West 270 Metropolitan Enforcement Group Fund - This fund was used to account for a multijurisdictional Federal grant award for which the City has administrative responsibility and custody of the funds. During 1995, the City relinquished its administrative responsibility and custody of the funds, hence this agency fund was closed in 1995.

Combining Balance Sheet - Trust and Agency Funds

December 31, 1995

<u>Assets</u>	Expendable Trust	Agency	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Deposits with trustee Receivable - interest Due from other funds Total assets	\$ 38,490 - 43 346,331 \$ 384,864	158,754 964,681 - - 1,123,435	$ \begin{array}{r} 198,244 \\ 964,681 \\ 43 \\ \hline 346,331 \\ \hline 1,509,299 \\ \hline \end{array} $
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balance</u>			
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Deposits held in escrow Deferred compensation benefits payable Total liabilities Fund balance - reserved for street improvements Total liabilities and fund balance	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	4,799 93 153,862 964,681 1,123,435	$4,799 \\ 93 \\ 153,862 \\ 964,681 \\ \hline 1,123,435 \\ 385,864 \\ \hline 1,509,299$

Combining Balance Sheet - Agency Funds

December 31, 1995

Assets		Miscellaneous Escrow	Bail Bond	Deferred Compensation	Explorer's	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Deposits with trustee Total assets	\$ \$	99,372 - 99,372	54,583 - 54,583	964,681 964,681	4,799 - 4,799	158,754 964,681 1,123,435
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Deposits held in escrow Deferred compensation benefits payable Total liabilities	\$	- - 99,372 - - 99,372	93 54,490 	964,681 964,681	4,799 - - - 4,799	4,799 93 153,862 964,681 1,123,435

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds

Year ended December 31, 1995

	Balance, December 31, 1994	Additions	Deductions	Balance, December 31, 1995
Miscellaneous Escrow	×			
Assets - cash and cash equivalents	\$ 96,705	26,311	23,644	99,372
Liabilities - deposits held in escrow	\$96,705	26,311	23,644	99,372
Bail Bond				
Assets - cash and cash equivalents	\$26,510	31,363	3,290	54,583
Liabilities: Due to other funds Deposits held in escrow Total liabilities	$\begin{array}{r} - \\ 26,510 \\ \hline & 26,510 \\ \hline \end{array}$	93 31,270 31,363	3,290 3,290	93 54,490 54,583
Deferred Compensation				
Assets - deposits with trustee	\$	299,012	39,314	964,681
Liabilities - deferred compensation benefits	\$	299,012	39,314	964,681
Explorer's				
Assets - cash and cash equivalents	\$4,567_	3,686	3,454	4,799
Liabilities - accounts payable	\$4,567_	3,686	3,454	4,799
West 270 Metropolitan Enforcement Group				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other governmetnal units Total assets	\$ 59,105 29,830 1,206 \$ 90,141	49,485 - - 49,485	108,590 29,830 1,206 139,626	
Liabilities - accounts payable	\$90,141	49,485	139,626	
Total - all agency funds				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Deposits with trustee Due from other governmental units Total assets	\$ 186,887 29,830 704,983 1,206 \$ 922,906	110,845 	138,978 29,830 39,314 1,206 209,328	158,754
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Deposits held in escrow Deferred compensation benefits payable Total liabilities	94,708 	53,171 93 57,581 299,012 409,857	143,080 - 26,934 39,314 209,328	4,799 93 153,862 964,681 1,123,435



Statistical Section

General Governmental Expenditures By Function

Last Eight Fiscal Years

	<u>1988</u> (1)	<u>1989</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>1992</u> (2)	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>
Legislative Administrative Police services Judicial Planning and zoning Public works Parks and recreation Capital outlay Debt service	\$ 13,161 323,183 1,482,262 33,138 81,880 678,873 - 237,092	39,357 691,135 2,535,032 63,840 246,562 1,319,257 - 900,848 - 5,796,031	90,887 757,809 2,594,516 77,397 219,458 1,787,000 - 1,015,210 308,882 6,851,159	123,223 780,102 2,867,205 93,393 237,888 2,032,890 - 842,555 210,479 7,187,735	124,921 894,000 3,003,391 95,146 272,069 2,100,466 16,750 1,220,149 81,690 7,808,582	71,863 939,007 3,265,910 97,390 289,688 2,884,227 48,336 1,605,932 134,425 9,336,778	63,386 1,160,205 3,262,201 114,222 357,242 2,842,277 23,218 2,905,064	70,078 1,489,115 3,760,415 132,015 367,673 2,933,474 62,053 4,140,729 499,815 13,455,367
Total	\$ 2,849,589	3,790,031	0,001,107	7				

Notes:

(1) The City was incorporated on June 1, 1988. The fiscal period is from the date of inception (June 1, 1988) through December 31, 1988.

(2) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.

General Governmental Revenues By Source

Last Eight Fiscal Years

	<u>1988</u> (1)	<u>1989</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>1992</u> (4)	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>
Municipal taxes (2)(3)(6)(7)		4,619,291	4,700,199	5,336,033	5,913,742	6,565,107	7,060,339	9,314,116
Intergovernmental (2)(5) Licenses and permits	698,992 46,943	1,457,028 111,403	1,586,308 377,264	1,712,868 454,006	2,122,090 496,853	3,212,468 544,796	2,997,512 547,770	2,962,059 597,177
Charges for services	23,568	75,507	87,693	78,850	122,455	95,338	135,003	153,651
Court fines and fees Interest	85,305 1,840	250,557 14.920	320,906 87,256	3 4 5,210 90,211	372,818 86.701	287,591 134,561	377,377 233,697	516,212 1,092,832
Miscellaneous		4,900	29,293	10,444	39,389	179,565	48,615	38,231
Total	\$ 2,828,004	<u>6,533,606</u>	7,188,919	8,027,622	<u>9,154,048</u>	11,019,426	11,400,313	14,674,278

Notes:

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- (1) The City was incorporated on June 1, 1988. The fiscal period is from the date of inception (June 1, 1988) through December 31, 1988.
- (2) Sales tax, motor fuel tax, motor vehicle sales tax, and cigarette tax distributions were adjusted in September of 1991 as a result of the 1990 census.
- (3) Deferred revenues of approximately \$181,000 were recognized as revenues in 1991. These revenues were previously deferred by the City as a result of a dispute with another governmental entity. This matter was resolved in 1991.
- (4) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.
- (5) The City received a federal emergency management assistance grant in the amount of \$935,287 in 1993.
- (6) Upon the successful outcome of litigation in 1995, the City recognized \$213,182 in deferred sales tax revenues from prior years and began recognizing new sales revenue under a county-wide sales tax redistribution formula.
- (7) The City adopted a property tax of \$.13 per \$100 of assessed valuation in 1995 and also received property tax revenue due to incremental growth in assessed valuation from the Chesterfield Valley TIF District.

Municipal Tax Revenue By Source

Last Eight Fiscal Years

	<u>1988</u> (1)	<u>1989</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>1992</u> (4)	<u>1993</u>	1994	<u>1995</u>
Property tax (6)	\$ -	- ,	- 0	-	-	-	-	1,325,557
Utility gross receipts tax	97,978	2,382,331	2,525,039	2,712,063	2,822,781	3,187,143	3,323,852	3,359,052
Sales tax (2) (3) (5)	1,073,378	2,236,960	2,175,160	2,623,970	3,090,961	3,377,964	3,736,487	4,629,507
Total	\$ <u>1,971,356</u>	4,619,291	4,700,199	<u>5,336,033</u>	5,913,742	6,565,107	7,060,339	<u>9,314,116</u>

Notes:

- (1) The City was incorporated on June 1, 1988. The fiscal period is from the date of inception (June 1, 1988) through December 31, 1988.
- (2) Sales tax distribution was adjusted in September of 1991 as a result of the 1990 census.
- (3) Deferred revenues of approximately \$181,000 were recognized as revenues in 1991. These revenues were previously deferred by the City as a result of a dispute with another governmental entity. This matter was resolved in 1991.
- (4) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.
- (5) Upon the successful outcome of litigation in 1995, the City recognized \$213,182 in deferred sales tax revenue from prior years and began recognizing new sales tax revenue under a county-wide sales tax redistribution formula.
- (6) The City adopted a property tax of \$.13 per \$100 of assessed valuation in 1995 and also received property tax revenue due to incremental growth in assessed valuation from the Chesterfield Valley TIF District.

Last Eight Fiscal Years

	<u>1988</u> (1)	<u>1989</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>1992</u> (3)	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>
Motor fuel tax (2) Motor vehicle sales tax (2)	\$ 230,508 108,208 88,054	468,127 223,473 139,832	462,678 225,452 138,355	534,521 256,353 155,793	741,287 326,913 182,302	826,395 375,450 189,967	952,879 418,102 187,795	1,004,142 429,913 196,817
Cigarette tax (2) Road and bridge tax	272,222	625,596	688,545 70,063	715,794 50,407	818,552 37,080	797,475 15,042	793,127 –	858,907 3,557
Police traffic service grant Federal emergency manage- ment assistance grant	_	_	-	_	_	935,287	119,240	53,404
COPS grant - Federal COPS grant - Parkway	- -	- -		_	-	<u>-</u>	-	18,667 4, 763
Police academy grant Federal aid urban grant	- -	<u>-</u>	_	- -	- -	21,370 -	- 87,403	45,118 14,618
St. Louis County Bonhomme Creek reimbursement	_		-	_	-	46,845	140,485	6,038
Community Development Block Grant	_	_	_ 1,215	_	_ 15.956		252,049 46,432	249,951 76,164
Grants other Total	\$ 698,992	1,457,028	1,586,308	1,712,868	2,122,090	3,212,468	2,997,512	2,962,059

Notes:

56

- (1) The City was incorporated on June 1, 1988. The fiscal period is from the date of inception (June 1, 1988) through December 31, 1988.
- (2) Revenue distributions were adjusted in September of 1991 as a result of the 1990 census.
- (3) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.

Last Eight Fiscal Years

	<u>1988</u> (1)	<u>1989</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>1992</u> (4)	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>
Business licenses (2)	\$ 105	4,055	210,793	250,085	256,852	270,312	253,620	292,331
Liquor licenses	202	14,763	14,528	20,161	28,620	29,277	33,393	30,145
Vending licenses	_	5,513	9,350	9,056	10,287	14,643	21,409	23,775
Cable television franchise (3)	46,636	85,592	134,206	163,329	186,217	212,939	219,183	236,429
Trash haulers license	-	-	_	2,635	1,190	7,345	5,650	4,095
Miscellaneous Total	\$ <u>46,943</u>	1,480 111,403	<u>8,387</u> <u>377,264</u>	8,740 454,006	13,687 496,853	10,280 544,796	<u>14,515</u> <u>547,770</u>	10,402 597,177

Notes:

- (1) The City was incorporated on June 1, 1988. The fiscal period is from the date of inception (June 1, 1988) through December 31, 1988.
- (2) On June 5, 1990, voters approved a revised business license fee structure for the City.
- (3) The City increased the license tax on cable television franchises from 3% to 5% on February 20, 1995.
- (4) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.

Charges for Services

Last Eight Fiscal Years

							1001	1005
	<u>1988</u> (1)	<u>1989</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>1992</u> (2)	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>
Engineering inspection fees	\$ 592	32,003	29,410	30,160	66,241	34,951	61,569	57,936
Subdivision processing fees	7,290	6,890	4,423	7,765	7,355	11,495	9,078	6,486
Zoning applications	4,521	7,902	10,645	6,343	13,989	13,399	15,313	18,882
Police reports	-	6,393	12,306	10,577	12,478	14,358	15,201	14,985
False alarms	11,118	21,358	28,994	21,619	16,950	16,925	28,450	42,528
Other charges Total	\$ \frac{47}{23,568}	961 75,507	<u>1,915</u> <u>87,693</u>	2,386 78,850	5,442 122,455	<u>4,210</u> <u>95,338</u>	5,392 135,003	12,834 153,651

Notes:

58

- (1) The City was incorporated on June 1, 1988. The fiscal period is from the date of inception (June 1, 1988) through December 31, 1988.
- (2) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.

General purpose financial statements, all governmental fund types - primary government only.

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (1)(2)

Last Eight Fiscal Years

			Railroad	To	tals
	Real	Personal	and	Assessed	Estimated
	property	property	<u>utilities</u>	<u>value</u>	<u>actual value</u>
1988 (3)	\$ 404,550,560	60,998,489	_	465,549,049	2,069,802,320
1989	494,909,830	113,252,888	15,309,591	623,472,309	2,662,533,859
1990	518,041,910	137,789,071	14,906,377	670,737,358	2,834,312,386
1991	546,048,970	144,354,921	14,813,513	705,217,404	2,975,197,738
1992 (4)	611,766,200	156,066,333	14,953,292	782,785,825	3,297,885,746
1993	623,355,670	146,917,716	14,480,699	784,754,085	3,346,767,746
1994 (5)	614,067,940	121,996,684	15,085,563	751,150,187	3,301,191,816
1995	655,300,640	141,510,637	14,635,156	811,446,433	3,619,761,616

Notes:

- (1) Assessments are determined by the Assessor of St. Louis County. Property is assessed as of January 1.
- (2) Assessments are based on a percentage of estimated actual values. Real property is classified as residential, agricultural, or commercial. Residential property is assessed at 19%, agricultural is assessed at 12%, and commercial is assessed at 32%. All railroad and utility property is assessed at 32%. All personal property is assessed at 33-13%. Real property is reassessed biannually in odd-numbered years.
- (3) The City was incorporated on June 1, 1988. No property tax has been levied by the City since its inception.
- (4) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.
- (5) Value decreased due to 1993 flood in Chesterfield Valley.

Source: St. Louis County Assessor.

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$100 of Assessed Value)

Last Eight Fiscal Years

		<u>1988</u>	<u>1989</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>1992</u>	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>
Taxes levied on all property in the City									
of Chesterfield:		80	9.						.130
City of Chesterfield (1)	\$	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 020	
State of Missouri		.030	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030
St. Louis County		.670		.580	.580	.580	.580	.580	.580
Special School District		.570	.540	.540	.530	.610	.620	.630	.620
St. Louis Community College		.195	.190	.190	.190	.220	.220	.240	.240
St. Louis County Library		.100	.100	.100	.110	.125	.130	.130	.140
Metropolitan St. Louis Sewer District		.020	.020	.020	020	.020	.020	.020	.020
Metropolitan Zoological Park and									
Museum District		.206	.198	.198	.198	.214	.220	.224	.228
Sheltered Workshop		035	085	085	085	085	<u>085</u>	<u>.085</u>	.085
Totals	\$	1.826	1.743	1.743	<u>1.743</u>	1.884	1.905	<u>1.939</u>	2.043
School Districts (2):			- 10	0.10	2.00	3,35	3.43	3.44	3.44
Parkway	\$	3.08	3.12	3.13	3.09				
Rockwood		2.86	<u>3.70</u>	<u>3.75</u>	<u>3.69</u>	<u>3.92</u>	3.94	4.53	4.54
Fire Protection Districts (3):									
Metro West	\$.71	.69	.68	.64	.77	.77	.95	1.03
Chesterfield	•	72	<u>.70</u>	83	82	<u>.86</u>	<u>.88</u>	<u>92</u>	<u>1.06</u>
Chesterneia									

Notes:

8

- (1) The City was incorporated on June 1, 1988. No property tax was levied by the City until 1995 when the voters approved an \$11 million general obligation bond issue for parks. The entire levee funds debt service.
- (2) All property is located in one of the two school districts whose boundaries include part of the City.
- (3) All property is located in one of the two fire protection districts whose boundaries include part of the City.

Source: St. Louis County Collector.

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

(Dollars expressed in thousands)

Fiscal year	Total tax levy	Current tax collections	Percent of current taxes collected	Delinquent tax collections	Total tax collections	Ratio of total tax collections to total tax levy	Outstanding delinquent taxes	Ratio of delinquent taxes to total tax levy
1995	\$1,360	\$1,326	97.5%	\$0	\$1,326	97.5%	\$34	2.5%

^{(1) 1995} was the first year that the City of Chesterfield had a property tax levy.

Legal Debt Margin

December 31, 1995

Assessed value of the City of Chesterfield for 1995	\$ 811,446,433
Limit of bonded indebtedness at 10% of assessed value	\$ 81,144,643
Total bonded debt	_11,000,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 70,144,643

Note: Bonded indebtedness is limited by Sections 95.115 and 95.120 of the Missouri Revised Statutes (1986) to 10% of the assessed value of taxable tangible property.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt

December 31, 1995

	General obligation <u>debt</u>	Percent appli- cable to the City of Chesterfield	Amount appli- cable to the City of Chesterfield
City of Chesterfield St. Louis County	\$ 11,000,000 171,160,000	100.00% 6.18	\$ 11,000,000 10,577,688
Parkway School District (1)	68,585,000	24.38	16,721,023
Rockwood School District (1)	79,465,000	13.08	10,394,022
Chesterfield Fire Protection			
District (1)	4,785,965	72.1 5	3,453,074
Metropolitan Sewer District	13,350,000	13.92	<u>1,858,320</u>
Total	\$ 348,345,965		\$ <u>54,004,127</u>
Total debt per capita (2)			\$ <u>1,275.94</u>

- (1) Only portions of the school and fire districts are located within the City boundaries. The applicable amounts refer to that portion of the district that is contained within the City's boundary. Therefore, the applicable amounts refer to portions of the City's taxpayers.
- (2) Based upon a population of 42,325.

Source: The above-named jurisdictions, St. Louis County Real Estate Assessment Rolls, and St. Louis County report of Assessed Valuation.

Last Seven Fiscal Years

	<u>1989</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>1992</u> (2)	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>
New construction: Number of permits Value of construction	\$ 263 <u>52,056,444</u>	131 <u>22,070,752</u>	132 19,627,440	447 46,626,596	635 47,502,993	917 71,912,425	619 40,005,131
Alterations/additions: Number of permits Value of construction	\$ 1,126 14,804,018	1,507 <u>17,253,024</u>	1,035 <u>8,827,772</u>	1,435 <u>17,293,610</u>	2,245 20,432,811	2,022 36,683,188	2,164 22,043,850
Building demolitions: Number of permits						-	week

Notes:

2

Source: Planning Department, City of Chesterfield, Missouri.

⁽¹⁾ The City has not established a building commissioner's office within the organization. St. Louis County currently provides building inspection services. Information regarding 1988 permits is unavailable. The City was incorporated on June 1, 1988.

⁽²⁾ The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.

Bank Deposits

Last Eight Fiscal Years

					Amount (1)
1988				\$	333,188,000
1989				٠	349,810,000
1990	9 . 9				456,590,000
1991					504,334,156
1992 (2)					641,865,343
1993			96		625,192,796
1994					608,355,913
1995					688,954,730

Notes:

- (1) Represents deposits of the 11 bank facilities located in the City of Chesterfield.
- (2) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.

Source: The Boatmen's National Bank of St. Louis - Chesterfield Center, Boatmen's - Baxter Branch, Commerce Bank of St. Louis, N.A. - Clarkson, First Bank - First Missouri Center, First Bank - Clarkson, First National Bank, Mark Twain Bank - Parkway, Mark Twain Bank - Clarkson Square, Magna Bank of Chesterfield, Mercantile Bank of St. Louis N.A., and Roosevelt Bank.

Table 14

Schedule of Insurance in Force

December 31, 1995

Type of coverage/ insurance carrier	Policy <u>number</u>	Policy period	<u>Deductible</u>	Liability <u>limits</u>	Annual premium
General Liability Police Liability Automobile Liability/ Property and Casualty Trust of St. Louis	GL 0021-95 PL0021-95 AL 0021-95	3/1/95- 3/1/96	\$ 500 500 500	\$ 1,000,000	69,812
Property/Inland Marine/Chubb	3529-08-79	3/1/95- 3/1/96	1,000	1,000,000	23,021
Public Officials Liability/Firemen's Fund	CPL5000213	3/1/95- 3/1/96	5,000	1,000,000	6,840
Worker's Compensation/St. Louis Insurance Trust (SLAIT)	95-004	8/1/95- 8/1/96	N/A	Per Missouri Law	150,936
Employee Bond/ American Motorists	3SM 726 028	9/1/95- 9/1/96	N/A	100,000	238
Public Employees Blanket Bond/Kemper	3FM 726 239	1/23/95- 1/23/96	500	100,000	353
Flood Insurance Police Department (Contents Only)/ Aetna Flood	AE6-0020-3635-5	5/21/95- 5/21/96	500	262,500	433
Flood Insurance - Public Works (Contents Only)/Aetna Flood	AE6-0023-4129-2	7/8/95- 7/8/96	500	300,000	850
Fiduciary Bond/Aetna Casualty	051FF10091545	11/3/95- 11/3/96	-	500,000	867
Builders Risk/Chubb	3529-08-79	8/6/95- 3/1/96	1,000	2,500,000	2,126

Source: City's insurance policies.

Salaries and Surety Bonds of Principal Officials

December 31, 1995

Name and title of official	Annual <u>salary</u>	Amount surety <u>bond</u>
Michael G. Herring, City Administrator	\$ 87,000	(1)
Jan Hawn, Finance Director	59,931	100,000
Marty DeMay, City Clerk	35,294	(1)
Ray Johnson, Police Chief	72, 990	(1)
Jerry Duepner, Director of Planning	69,514	(1)
Mike Geisel, Director of Public Works/City Engineer	63,941	(1)

Note:

⁽¹⁾ Blanket surety coverage of \$100,000.

Miscellaneous Statistical Data

December 31, 1995

Date of incorporation as a third class city	June 1, 1988
Form of government	Mayor/Council/City Administrator
Area	32 square miles
Miles of streets (City maintained)	130
Miles of sidewalks (City maintained)	100
Number of street lights (City provided) (1)	8
Police protection: Number of full-time employees Commissioned officers Other full-time employees Other part-time employees Police Station	70 65 5 5
Total employees, full-time	132
Fire protection:	

The City's coverage is provided by two districts:

Metro West Protection District

Chesterfield Fire Protection District

The City is served by the Parkway and Rockwood School Districts.

The City's electric is supplied by Union Electric; natural gas is supplied by Laclede Gas; water is supplied by St. Louis County Water Company; sewer service is provided by Metropolitan St. Louis Sewer District. All four of these companies are publicly held utilities.

The library serving the City of Chesterfield is the Daniel Boone and the Thornhill branches of the St. Louis County Library System.

Population (2):	1988 1990 1992	=	34,486 37,990 42,325
Number of households (2)	1988 Single Family Multi-Family		9,105 3,049
	1990 Single Family Multi-Family		10,541 3,246
	1992 Single Family Multi-Family		11,821(4) 3,848(4)
Per capita income: Median Family Income	1986 1990		61,800 75,237
Per Capita Family Income	1979 1987 1990		12,686 21,912 28,019
Number of registered voters	1995		27,945

(Continued)

Miscellaneous Statistical Data, Continued

Principal taxpayers (3)

Union Electric Company Laclede Gas Company Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis County Water Company

Major employers within the City of Chesterfield:

Company

Type of Business

1.	Western Union Financial Services	Financial Services
2.	Monsanto Company	Research Company
3.	Mark Andy	Printing Press Manufacturer
4.	Roosevelt Bank	Financial Institution
5.	Mallinckrodt	Administrative Office
6.	McBride & Sons	Homebuilder/Developer Contractor
7.	Doubletree Hotel	Hotel
8.	Cooper Automotive	Administrative Offices
	The Prudential	Insurance Claims Processing Office
10.	Wiltel, Inc.	Private Line Telecommunications Service

Utility Customers:

	Electric	Gas	Water	Telephones
<u>Year</u>	Meters(A)	Meters(B)	Meters(C)	(D)
1988	13,462	10,711	9,981	14,945
1989	14,698	11,084	10,127	15,832
1990	15,386	11,377	10,475	16,213
1991	15,602	11,499	10,490	17,229
1992(4)	18,289	13,594	11,797	18,166
1993	18,356	13,554	11,937	18,711
1994	19,048	14,328	12,672	19,855
1995	19,076	14,450	12,789	21,263

Source: (A) Union Electric Company

- (B) Laclede Gas Company
- (C) St. Louis County Water Company
- (D) Southwestern Bell Telephone Company
- (1) The City currently provides street lights at selected intersections within the City of Chesterfield. Street lights are primarily provided and maintained by private subdivisions.
- (2) Population data is estimated for the area using the U.S. Census Bureau data for the area.
- (3) The City levies only a \$.13 property tax. The maximum business license fee is \$10,000 for a license. Therefore, the only major taxpayers are the four utility companies serving the area. The gross receipts tax on utility companies is 5%.
- (4) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.

Source: The City's Public Works Department, Planning and Zoning Department, Finance Department, Police Department, U.S. Census Bureau, and Board of Election Commissioners of St. Louis County, St. Louis County Fact Book and Development Strategies.